#### Feedback and Instruction

"What's good for the goose is good for the gander"

A look at one school leaders journey trying to influence a school culture so that data and feedback impact on instruction.

Mark Walker

www.mwalker.com.au

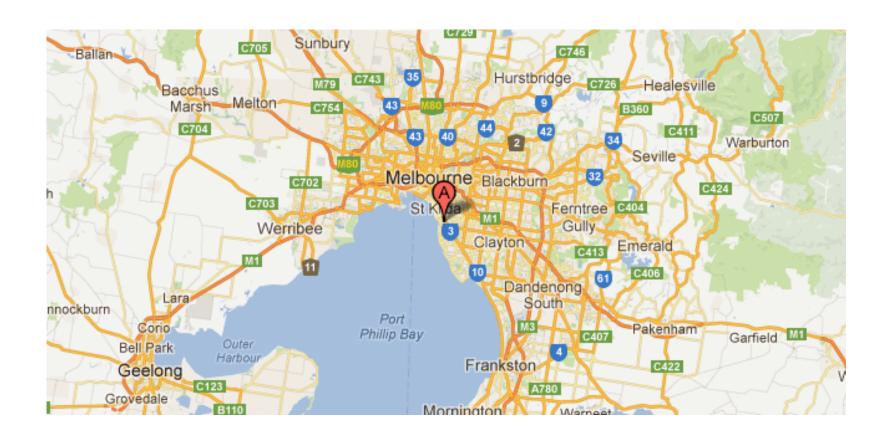
#### Goals

- To paint a picture of a school context so that others might connect to where this work might sit within their context.
- To describe some feedback systems (one that includes teacher observation) that promote dialogue (that includes actions to build relational trust and instructional capacity)
- To describe some future work around observing instruction and feedback
- Questions

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#### Context of a School Culture

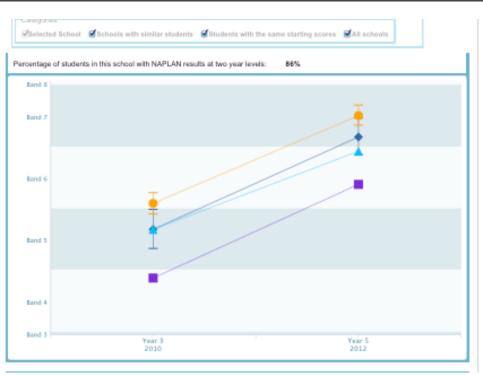
#### School Location

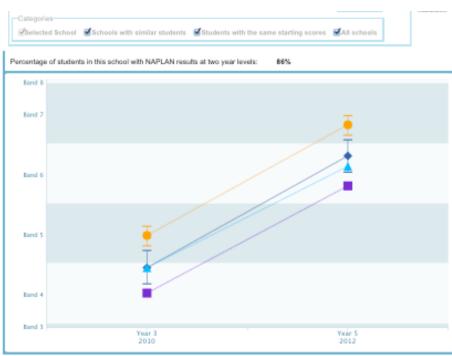


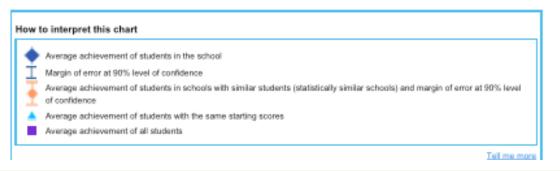
#### School Context

- Elsternwick Primary School is in the inner Bayside suburb of Brighton and is over 125 years old.
- 586 students with a growth rate of 30% over past 3 years.
- My school website suggests we are a successful school although the value added measures indicate we do have some improvement work to do.
- Refurbished over the past 6 years (incl new gym).
- In 2013 there are 24 classes with a range of student support and specialist programs in Physical Education and Sport, Music, Art and Mandarin.

## "My School" Results







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# School Improvement Work

#### Theory of Action

'If we build quality relationships and construct learning that is creative, personalised and collaboratively, then success, well being, achievement and life chances in a global community are enhanced'

#### School Improvement Plan

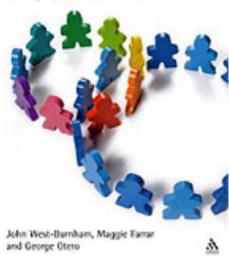


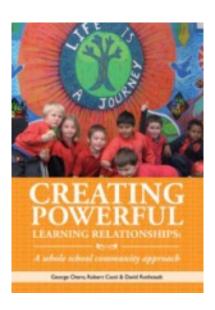
"The quality of relationship determines the quality of learning."

Dr George Otero (New Mexico)

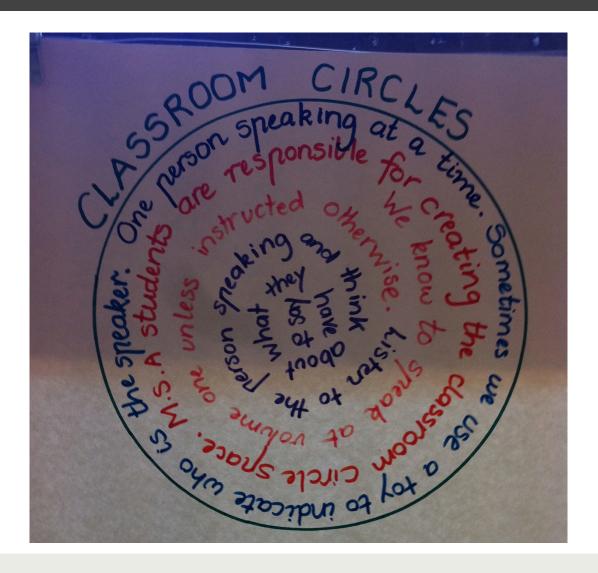
http://relationalearning.com



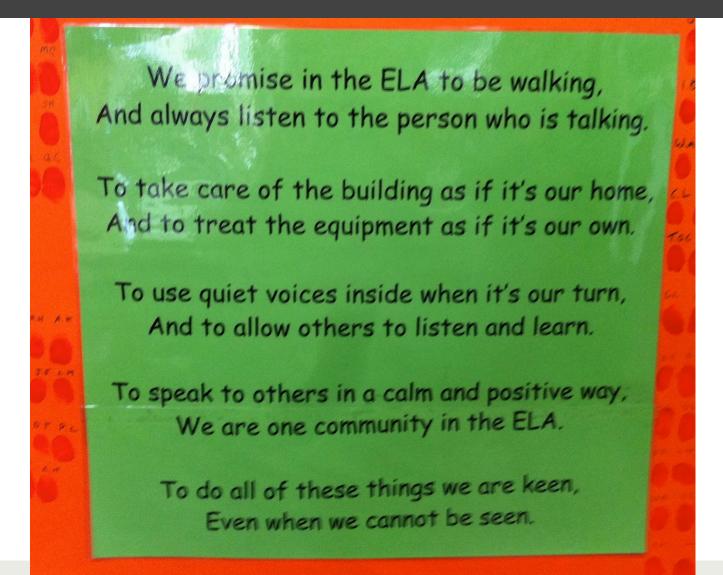




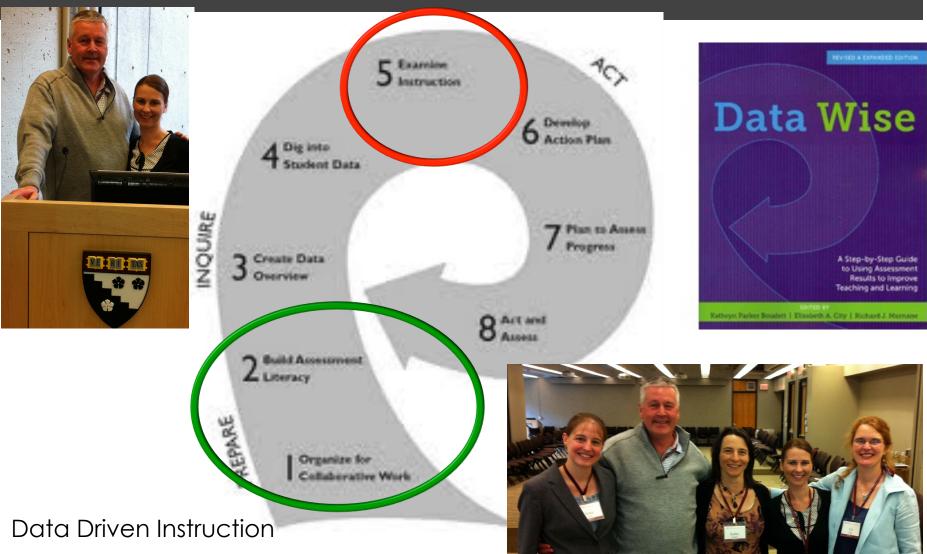
## Classroom Circles



#### Norms, Promises or Pledges



#### Data Wise: An inquiry into Instruction



### An Inquiry Approach

BIG IDEAS what robust concepts drive this inquiry?

#### **System level Curriculum**

what connections can be made (does the context led itself to standards)

Context for inquiry: project, problem, event essential question is it worthwhile?

#### initial student input...

What do we know students are interested in learning about and doing?
What does THIS group of students need?

FRAMING THE INQUIRY

Learning intentions
what do we want students
to understand? (How do these
understandings link to the 'big idea'...)
to be able to do?
and to be?
How might we know they
see learned these things?

http://kathmurdoch.com.au/uploads/media/framingtheinquiry.pdf

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#### Other School Initiatives

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# Preparing for data, collaboration, feedback and observation

#### Definition of Feedback

"Feedback is conceptualized as information provided by an agent (e.g., teacher, peer, book, parent, self, experience) regarding aspects of one's performance or understanding."

Hattie

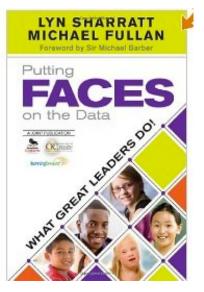
#### Data Wise



- 1. Organize for Collaborative Work
  - a) Build Norms
  - b) Different meeting structures
  - c) Planning meetings within instruction hrs.

2. Build Assessment Literacy

Present information in ways that are easily interpreted



#### **Elsternwick Primary School Norms**

When meeting we are punctual and prepared, send out in advance a timed agenda and act on our commitments.

In our meetings we focus on the best interests of student learning and well-being.

We actively listen to each other with open minds, encouraging participation and honesty in discussions, resolutions and feedback.

As professionals we show respect, share our thoughts and resources, are empathetic and uphold confidentiality.

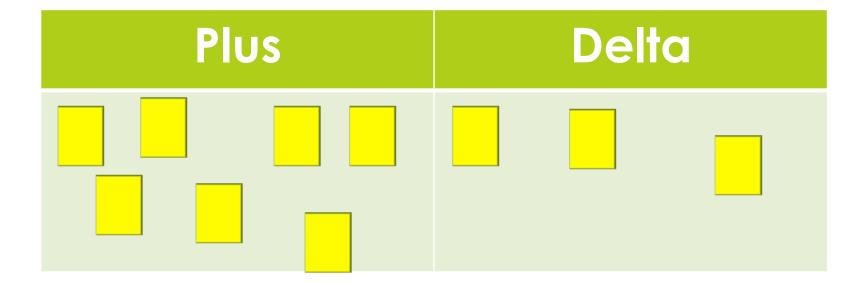
# Timed agenda

| 3.50 pm | 15 min | Staff Briefing (purpose for anyone on staff to advise the teachers about upcoming events, protocols or processes and pose dilemmas for resolution). The process to get on the agenda is to list your item on the agenda sheet in staff room with approximate time allocation by 1.00 pm of that Monday. The briefings are chaired and minutes taken by the 3 leading teachers: Aylie, John, Rosanna. |
|---------|--------|--|
| 4.05 pm | 5 min  | Agenda and Feedback (as listed above). Given the response on the value of sharing strategies around building relationships this has continued as a focus for this staff meeting. The norms will now be displayed before the meeting to remind us all of our mutual expectations and next week we will tackle some confusions on leadership roles and the big picture as per feedback.                |
| 4.10 pm | 20 min | Relational Learning Sharing (Demos and others)   |
| 4.30 pm | 15 min | Feedback from "walkthrough"  |
| 4.45 pm | 20 min | Cyber Safe Classrooms (John)   |
| 5.05 pm | 7 min  | Administration:  • Pop Quiz on staff roles and responsibilities (Demos)  |
| 5.12 pm | 3 min  | Feedback on objectives and meeting   |

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#### Good for the Gander

#### Plus Delta Protocol



#### **Plus**



- Fabulous to have the term one calendar with all the timetables (so handy!)
- Like sitting in a circle //// (round tables) for staff meetings –
  people asking questions and get clarification ///
- Chocolates were great (Cherry Ripes) ✓✓ light hearted and humorous ✓– pop quizzes
- Cheryl's explanation of the purpose of walkthroughs. She gets the <u>big picture</u>. Good to have a clarifying conversation with everyone as to what the purpose of walkthroughs are. 🗸
- Thanks for all the info in the staff manual and calendar
- Good to get advance notice of things
- Good to see others classrooms

#### Delta



- How many meetings will be partly directed to the school norms?
- Not getting through the whole agenda
- Have we got a big picture yet? (I wonder what it is?)
- Has anything been actioned re last week Demos spoke about he and Mark getting to know the students more? (Yard Duty? Visiting Classes? etc)

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# Walkthrough Overview

#### Walkthrough

**Definition**: Walkthroughs are focused observations (includes conversations with students where appropriate) to collect non judgmental data to enable feedback on school priorities to specific groups and staff. They are designed to strengthen our school culture by promoting dialogue on shared expectations.

#### **Protocols:**

- Advance notice of an upcoming "walkthrough" is usually provided via the daily bulletin or staff meeting minutes.
- The walkthrough foci are on our school priorities and or specific curriculum or instructional improvements being strengthened across the school.
- Data Sheets are developed for specific walkthroughs. The data is tallied and then presented in ways to promote discussion at the team or whole staff level. Teachers are encouraged to reflect upon, consider wonderings and possible recommendations for further work by us all.
- The observations, either made by an individual or small group of observers, are generally limited to about 5 minutes a class.

#### Walkthrough Q & A

Q: How does a walkthrough help me as a teacher?

A: Walkthroughs provide feedback (both quantitative – tallies and graphs or qualitative - recorded comments, photos, clips) that enables teachers to reflect on and then perhaps amend their practice in classrooms.

Q: How does a walkthrough build a school culture?

A: "The bottom line is that your school's culture is whatever "normal" means at your school—from teacher innovation and administrator expectations to student attitudes and parent involvement. The more successful "normal" is at your school, the more successful your school." <a href="http://www.schoolculture.com/ideas.html">http://www.schoolculture.com/ideas.html</a>

So a walkthrough provides data on the "normal" expectations or innovations we have so that we can be more successful.

Q: Are walkthroughs held at different times?

A: Walkthroughs are held on different days and at different times depending upon factors like the availability of the observers to the suitability of the times?

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# Walkthrough 1

February 2013



#### **EPS Walkthroughs**

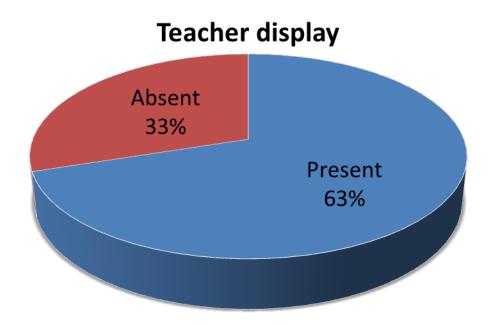
Focus: evidence of Relational Learning displays



#### **Context**

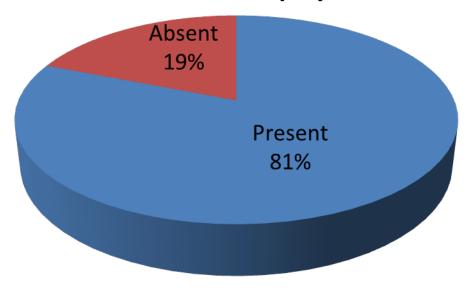
- •27 learning spaces observed (specialist and classroom) between 9.30 10.40am
- •PE omitted from data results
- •39 students from Grades 2-6 interviewed (3 per each class present at time of walkthrough)

# Data set 1 - observations evidence of a teacher display



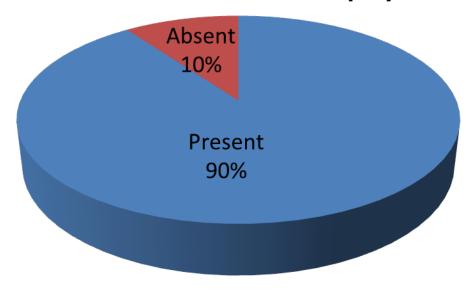
# Data set 2 - observations evidence of a student display

#### **Student display**



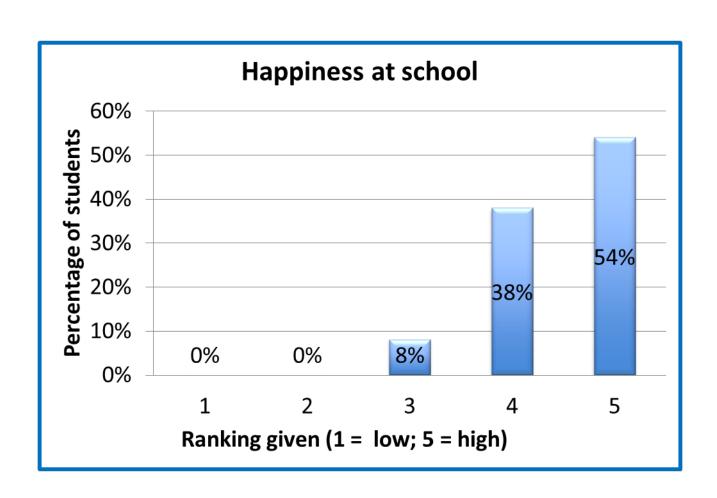
# Data set 3 - observations Some evidence of a Relational Learning display

**Student or Teacher display** 



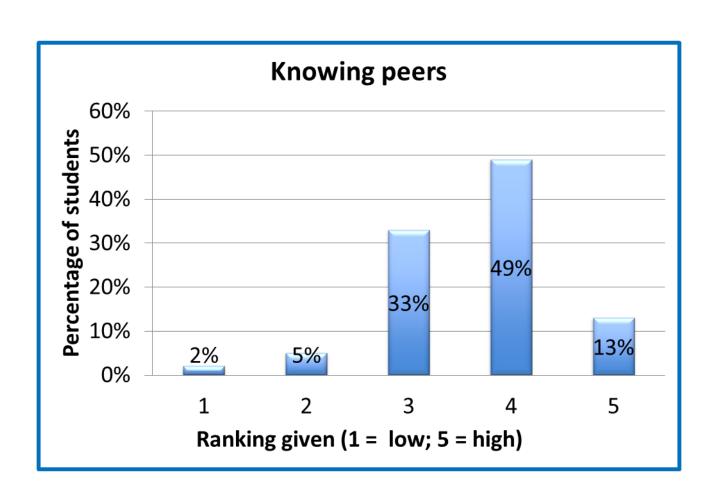
#### Data set 4 – student questions

How happy are you at school?



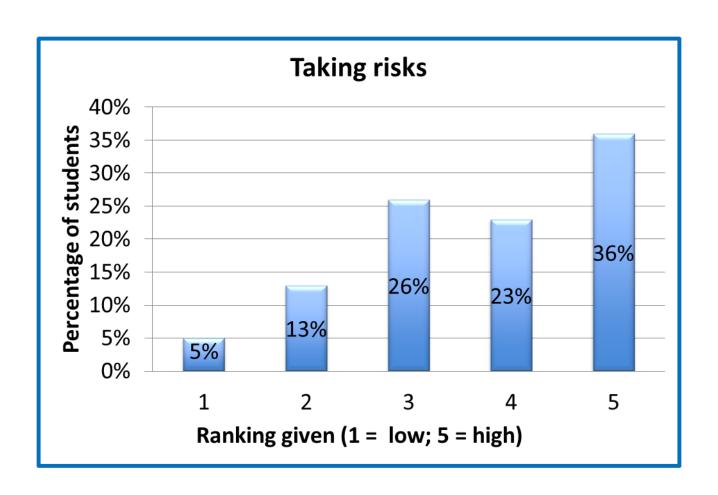
#### Data set 5 – student questions

How well do you know the other students in your class?



#### Data set 6 – student questions

How safe do you feel to take risks in the classroom?



#### Your wonderings...

What do you see?
What do you think?
What do you wonder?

## Let's celebrate Grade 5/6!

## Walkthrough Feedback

- Context
- Data presented in ways that are simple to analyze (two types of graphs)
- Wonderings (let other wondering come from teachers) –
   any alterations to instruction required
- Celebrations (through photos)

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## Walkthrough 2

March 2013

## **EPS Walkthroughs**



Focus: evidence of Guided Reading set up (Anchor charts and WALTS)

## Feedback on previous walkthrough...

### Focus: evidence of a Relational Learning display

- •While it was not the focus of this weeks walkthrough, it was observed that after the discussions and presentation of data on the Relational Learning Walkthrough two weeks ago, an additional 17% of Relational Learning Walls had been enhanced.
- •This equates to 42% of classrooms having updated Relational Learning Walls over the past fortnight, indicating the ongoing nature of this work.



# This week: Context

- 24 learning spaces were visited between 9.00am and 10.40am
- 30 children from Grade 1 to Grade 6 were interviewed from 15 classrooms

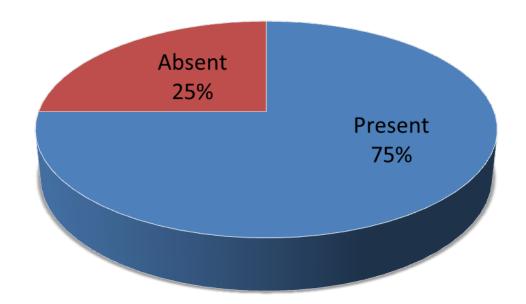
## A quick definition of anchor charts

### Features of an anchor chart:

- A single focus
- Co-constructed with the students (their thoughts)
- An organised appearance with a WALT
- Matches the learners' developmental level
- Supports ongoing learning
- Makes student thinking visible

Adapted from <a href="http://www.cornerstoneliteracy.org/newsletter-archive/anchor-charts">http://www.cornerstoneliteracy.org/newsletter-archive/anchor-charts</a>

# Data set 1 - observations Anchor charts on display

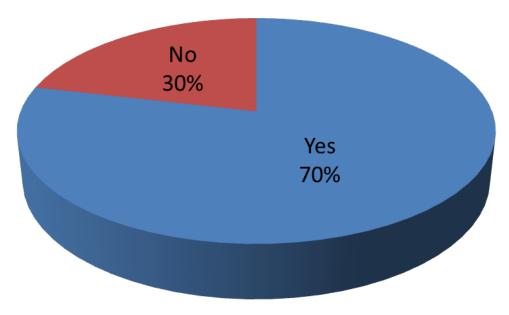


In collecting this data, it was noted that in the Prep classrooms the beginning stages of setting up Guided Reading Workshops was evident which is an appropriate stage following on from the socialisation focus thus far.

## Data set 2 – student questions

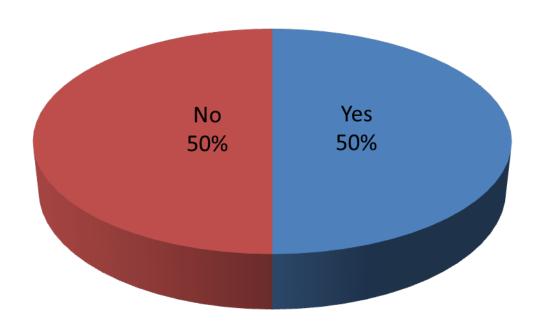
Looking at this anchor chart, can you tell me about what you do in a Reading Workshop?

Anchor chart purpose identified:



## Data set 3 – student questions

Can you tell me a WALT, Learning Intention or Learning Objective that you've had with your teacher this week/ year?



### An observation:

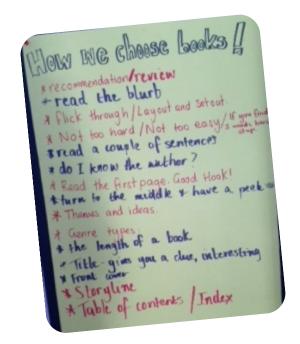
 A notable number of students declared that they could not remember a WALT as the teacher had rubbed it off the board

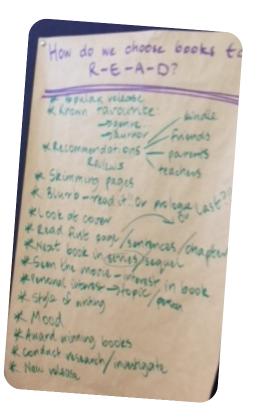
### A wondering:

- Is there value in keeping a running documentation of WALTS with students in a large visual diary in order to refer back to them?
- If you would like to trial the effect of this, we will provide visual diaries for you

## Let's celebrate Grade 5/6!







### Quotes from the kids...

We can look at this poster here to refresh ourselves on what it all means

We're learning about making movies in our head

We're learning to make a higher voice when you see a question mark

If you do too hard books it would just take days, and if you do too easy ones well then you're not really reading

Questioning and summarising is about respect, resilience, excellence and responsibility – those things on that wall there

The intentions are good because if you forget you get reminded

I've just chosen a book that's just right — most of the words I can read but some are challenging so that's good

### Quotes from the kids...

We write words down as we read so we can understand about words in history because they are the most important words in the world

A WALT is sort of like what we focus on, you know, what have to get better at

This book is just right for me because I'm interested in it

Well, our Learning Intentions haven't really changed because the teacher can't rub them off the poster

It's about the five finger rule — if there are 5 words that are too hard on the page, that book is too hard

You create questions in your reading journal and use sentence starters to help you think about your book

## Walkthrough Feedback

- Context
- Data presented in ways that are simple to analyze (two types of graphs)
- Wonderings (let other wondering come from teachers) –
   any alterations to instruction required
- Celebrations (through photos)
- Student quotes (now video clips)
- You can refer back to previous data sets (relational learning)

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## Sample Data Collection Sheet

#### EPS Walkthroughs - WALT's May 13<sup>th</sup>, 2013 Conducted by Mark Walker, Teacher refers Student feeling on Student WALT displayed back to a prior how WALT's focus **Identifies WALT** WALT their learning Yes Low No JSA 1 2 3 4 JSB 1 2 3 4 JSC JSD JSE LOTE JSF JSG JSH JSI JSJ JSK JSL JSM PE MUSIC MSA MSB 1 2 3 4 MSC MSD MSF MSF 1 2 3 4

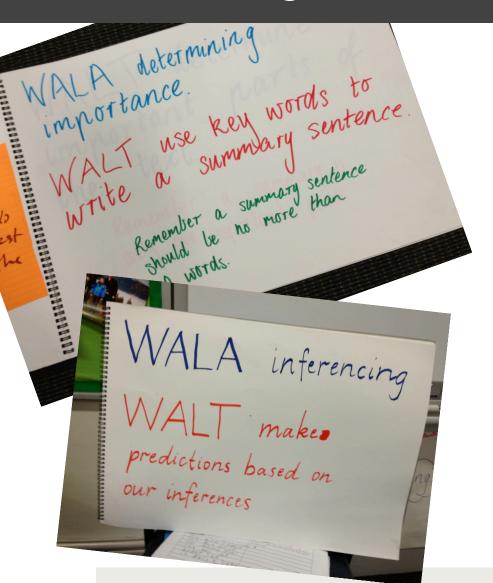
#### Questions to ask students:

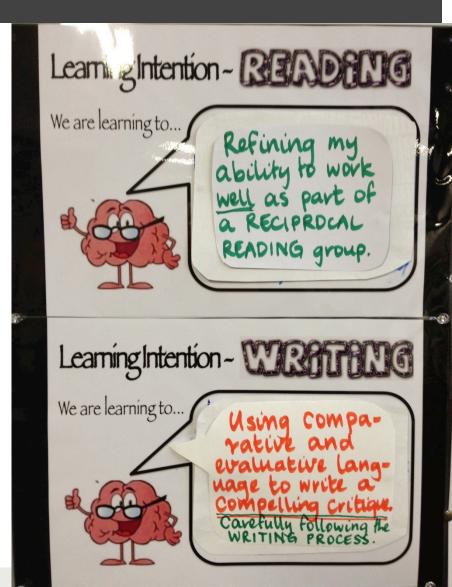
- Can you spot this lesson's WALT or learning intention?
- Has there been an occasion in which your teacher has referred back to a previous WALT?
- How do you feel WALT's help you (scale of 1-5).

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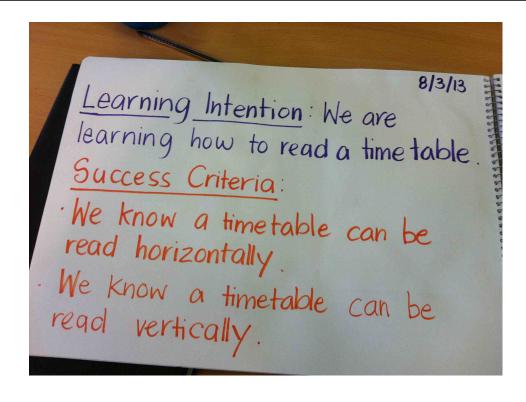
## Instructional adjustments

## Learning Intentions or WALA & WALTS





## WALA WALT & Success Criteria

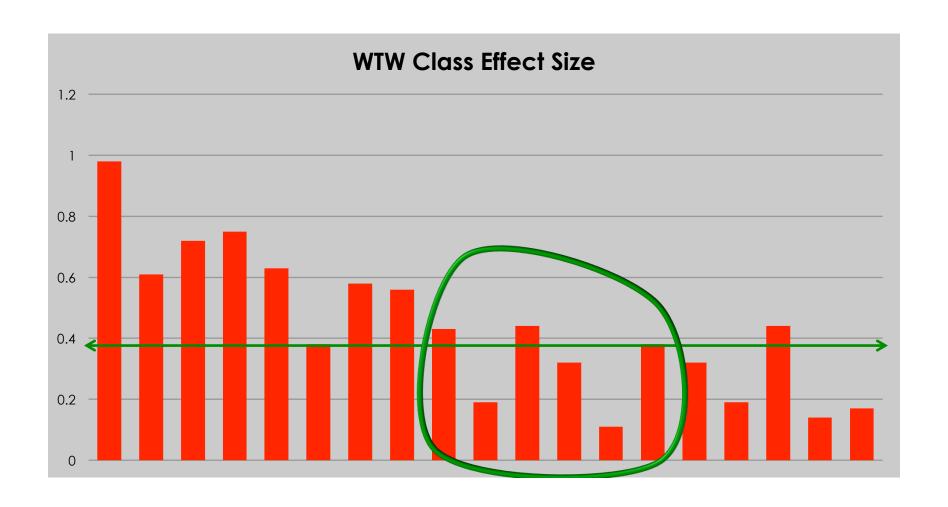


## Learning Intentions

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## Where to from here

## Data led conversations



### Observational frameworks

Walkthroughs

Whole school "quick" feedback

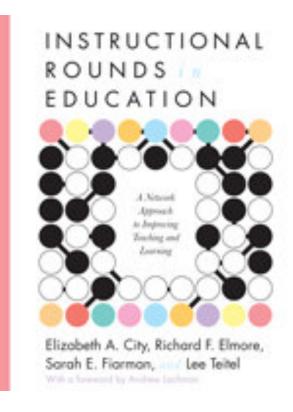
Learning Walks

individual feedback

□Instructional Rounds

Data Wise protocol where groups of teachers observe instruction to solve a problem of practice

## Instructional Rounds



http://mwalker.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2009/08/ InstructionalRoundsSummaryrecommended.pdf

## Why Instructional Frameworks?

"Principals and teachers use the common language of instruction/leadership to:

- converse about effective teaching,
- · give and receive feedback, and
- collect and act upon data to monitor growth.

-Adapted from Marzano's definition from "Creating an Aligned System"

### Instructional Frameworks



#### 1. Engage

- a) Develops shared norms
- b) Determines readiness for learning
- c) Establishes learning goals
- d) Develops metacognitive capacity

#### 2. Explore

- a) Prompts inquiry
- b) Structures inquiry
- c) Maintains session momentum

#### 3. Explain

- a) Presents new content
- b) Develops language and literacy
- c) Strengthens connections

#### 4. Elaborate

- a) Facilitates substantive conversation
- b) Cultivates higher order thinking
- c) Monitors progress

#### 5. Evaluate

- a) Assesses performance against standards
- b) Facilitates student self assessment

#### Elements of the Marzano Teacher Evaluation Model

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

Routine Segments

Design Question #1: What will I do to establish and communicate learning goals, track student progress, and celebrate success?

- 1. Providing clear learning goals and scales (rubrics)
- 2. Tracking student progress
- 3. Celebrating success

Design Question #6: What will I do to establish and maintain classroom rules and procedures?

- 4. Establishing classroom rules and procedures
- 5. Organizing the physical layout of the classroom

http://www.marzanoresearch.com/services/teacher\_evaluation.aspx

### Peter Hill's Framework

### Lesson Focus □ Does the lesson have a clear focus? ☐ Is there an explicit link to the curriculum? □Do students know the goals of the lesson? Prior Knowledge ☐ Has the prior knowledge needed to succeed in the lesson been identified? □ Is this prior knowledge activated? □Do students have the required prior knowledge? □If not, is this knowledge taught first? Introducina New Material □ Is a seamless link made between prior knowledge and the new material? □ Is the new material provided by the teacher or discovered by the students? □Does the opening anticipate student problems?

#### Setting Up the Work Time

□ Are students clear: what they have to do? how much time in which to do it?

how they should work? what will happen next?

## Peter Hill's framework 2

### Activities □ Are a graded set of problems selected? □Do they enable all students to get started? □Do they offer a level of challenge to all students? □Do the problems reflect the focus of the lesson? <u>Individual / Pair / Group Work</u> □ Is there a mix of individual / pair /group work? □Does the teacher target individuals/pairs/groups for additional assistance? □ Is the emphasis on accountable talk? □ Is the teacher observation non-intrusive? □Does the teacher roam to check for understanding? <u>Prepare for Closing</u> □ Are students prepared to share their thinking? □ Have they made links between different concepts/ideas?

## Peter Hill's Framework 3

| <u>Whole Class Share</u>                                  |
|---|
| Is the focus on the goals of the lesson retained?         |
| Is the focus on student work retained?                    |
| □Do students do most of the talking?                      |
| □Are a variety of approaches revealed?                    |
| <u>esson Summary</u>                                      |
| □Are the key ideas of the lesson summarized?              |
| □Have the students been engaged and did learning occur as |
| olanned?  |

### Goals

- To paint a picture of a school context so that others might connect to where this work might sit within their context.
- To describe some feedback systems (one that includes teacher observation) that promote dialogue (that includes actions to build relational trust and instructional capacity)
- To describe some future work around observing instruction and feedback
- Questions

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## Questions and Answers

Check www.mwalker.com.au for further resources